# Saigon Said to Oust 3 Aides Of U.S. Over Tie to Tribes

### By CHARLES MOHR

Special to The New York Times

SAIGON, South Vietnam, Sept. 12—The South Vietnamese Government, suspecting the United States of attempts to deal independently with a political movement of

mountain tribesmen, has demanded the departure of three American officials, reliable sources said today.

The affair has embittered American-Vietnamese relations and has endangered hopes of freeing South Vietnam's highlands from Vietcong influence.

The problem burst into public view today when it was disclosed that South Victnamese troops had surrounded and disarmed about 500 soldiers of a political movement called the Unified Front for the Struggle of the Oppressed Races, known from its French-language initials as Fulr.

### U.S.-Led Unit Disarmed

It was also disclosed that a unit of American-led Montagnard troops was disarmed last week. "Montagnard" is the collective name for a number of mountain tribes with a population estimated at 700,000 to a million. In race, language and culture, the tribesmen are non-Vietnamese, and they distrust and dislike their lowland neighbors.

The clash between United States and South Vietnamese officials over the issue centers on actions by the American Central, Intelligence Agency that have greatly aroused Vietnamese suspicions. It is also said to center on American sympathy for Montagnard aspirations.

According to a qualified source, William F. Beachner, a political officer in the United States Embassy, was declared persona non grata by the South Vietnamese along with two employes of an American intelligence agency.

Barry Zorthian, the embassy press officer, has denied that the three men were formally, named persona non grata, or unwelcome, but he said the United States had been willing!

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## Saigon Is Said to Expel 3 Americans Over Aid to Tribes

tribesmen.

The Americans evidently feared, the sources said, that United States pilots might unknowingly be used in an air strike on four battalions of Fullro were being asked to strike Communist units. Yet an American general is said to have advocated just such an air strike to prove "good faith" to the South Vietnamese.

Strategic Effect Feared.

They asked for ammunistion, weapons, food and other materials.

Since the meeting with General Co at Banmethuot, the Americans have been cut off from South Vietnamese planing, the sources said. It was the document had been written by employes of the Central Intelligence Agency to show Fulroleaders "how to negotiate."

At about the same time, the sources said, Mr. Beachner was asked by the Darlac Province

Strategic Effect Feared

Wile acknowledging that the affair has embarrassed American relations with Saigon, of-ficials are worried primarily about a loss of Montagnard loyalty, on which rest hopes for anti-Communist military success in the Highlands.

Some Americans have been so eager to avoid a final rupture with Montagnard leaders that they have stirred fear among South Vietnamese officials — who commonly refer to Montagnards as "moi," or savages - that the United States

governing Montagnard state or region.

The Fulro organization is lead officer of the United headed by a Rhade tribesman named Y-B'ham Enuel, who led American general of the Vietnamese leaders describe it as Communistinged or Communist-dominated and lacking to nower American demanded that the Americans and lacking in power American officials believe that it has general support among the 20 cm.

chicials many letters outlining the Mother stand, which was originally a demand for autonomy and for a huge Montagnard got in army to be responsible for military security in the Highlands. The South Victnamese would not agree to the arming of a po-

the tageter to the arming of a potentially rebellious minority.

The Americans sent Mr.

Beachner, the controversial political officer, to Darlac

and more the Government.

But the South Victnamese began to isolate Americans from the continuing negotiations with Fulro and from any knowledge of Saigon's intensin the province, Mr. Beachner was to carry out an experiment in Administrative procedure. But according to reliable sources, South Vietnamese began to isolate Americans from the continuing negotiations in the crisis.

When a United States bassy official the 2-

sources said, Mr. Beachner was asked by the Darlac Province chief, a South Victnamese, if any independent American talks with Fulro were under way. Mr. Beachner, who is said to have been unaware of any, answered no. But he is said to have learned soon afterward that two American officials had that two American officials had indeed been in contact with Montagnard leaders in Darlac

As a result of these incidents. is encouraging hopes for a self-governing Montagnard state or region.

The Office States a meeting was held at Banme-thuot by General Co with Mel-vin L. Manfull, then chief polit-

mountain tribes.

In recent months leaders of Fulro have written American officials many letters outlining the Montagnards or directly aid

The Americans acceded but got in return a statement from General Co to the Fulro leaders, stating that although the Government totally rejected autonomy it was still ready to discuss on social and other demands, such as requests for the restoration of tribal courts, better education and more Montagnard representation in

Continued From Page 1, Col. 6 other Americans were permitted and encouraged to at the prolonged negotiations that have gone on with Fulro representatives in Banmethuot. But several weeks ago, the Sources said that in a meeting Friday with high officials of the South Victnamese said. Sources said, Source said, South Victnamese friday with high officials of the South Victnamese Minister, Brig. Gen. Nguyen Huu Co, angrily conflicted by United American officials with an English-language document against the force to crush the Fulro movement and specifically instructed them not to use American Service.

This document dismissed distributions were permitted and encouraged to at sources said. After a while the Fulro representatives gave the South Victnamese a new position paper in which they dropped their demands on cludding one for a "Fulro zone of operations" that would allow Monticals with an English-language document tons" that would allow Monticals with a fallen into the hands of the Victnamese Intelligence Service.

This document dismissed discussions of outright autonomy terials.

the moment, an incipient revolt by Rhade tribesmen in this Central Highlands village of Darlac Province.

A large force of Government troops yesterday rounded up two groups of armed dissidents, totaling about 500 men, near the district capital, Bhon-

The tribesmen, members of the Fulro organization, surrendered without resistance and turned their weapons over to

Government troops.

Last September, under y-B'ham Enuol, a French-educated Rhade in his middle for-BANMETIUN, South Viet-nam, Sept. 12—South Victna-diers rebelled in four American-

### Rising Appears Averted

By NEIL SHEEHAN Special to The New York Times

imese authorities here appear to organized Special Forces camps have forestalled, at least for in Darlac Province.